

A Yini engahle ithikameze ukuhumusha kwethu?

❖ Imibono esinayo.

- Imibono emayelana nomsebenzi kaMesiya yathikameza abapostoli ekuboneni uJesu ngemuva kovuko lwakhe (Luke 24:36-45). UMoya Ongcwele kwadingeka ukuba asebenze ezingcondweni zabo ukubabonisa umsebenzi wangempela kaJesu ngokweBhayibheli.
- Nathi sinakho ukuthi singathikamezeka ngenxa yamava ethu, ulwazi kanye nemibono esinayo uma sihumusha IBhayibheli.

❖ Ukuhumusha Nokucacisa

- IBhayibheli labhalwa ngesi Hebrew, Aramaic nangesi Greek. Uma singakwazi ukufunda lezo zilwimi ngokwanele, sidinga isihumusho.
- Izihumusho ziqukethe izihibe ezimbili: amazwi okuqala angangabi nesihumusho esiqondile ngolwimi lwethu, nomhumushi angathikanyezwa yimibono ayenayo.
- Zintathu izinhlobo zokuhunyushwa kweBhayibheli:
 - (1) Indlela esemthethweni: Yethembekile olwimini lokuqala. Icisha isebenzise izwi nezwi. "U Jesu wathi kuye, 'Mfazi, ungena ngani kokwami na? I sikhathi sami asikafiki.'" (John 2:4 NKJV)
 - (2) Indlela ehamba nesikhathi: Igcizelela okushiwo yilelozwi. Ukuhumusha izaga. "'Mame, kungani ufaka mina kulokhu?' UJesu waphendula. 'I sikhathi sami sisengakafiki.'" (John 2:4 NIV)
 - (3) Indlela esebenzisa amazwi afanayo: Ichasisa umbono ngendlela yalowo mphakathi ekuwona. Inokuhumusha okuningi ukwendlula amazwi okuqala. "'Angikwazi ukukusiza manje,' ephendula. 'Kusengakabi yisikhathi sami semimangaliso.'" (John 2:4 TLB)
- Lezi ezokugcina ezimbili kulula ukuzifunda nanoma ufuna ukuzwisisa izindima ezilula. Kodwa, zithikanyezwe yimibono, ngakho azikulungele ukufundisa. Kungangcono usebenzise isihumusho esisemthethweni kulokho.

❖ IBhayibheli Nesiko-Mpilo.

- Ababhali beBhayibheli babephila emasikweni ehlukehlukehene: Hebrew, Chaldean, Greek, Roman. Ngakho-ke, iZibhalo zabo zizwisiseka kancono uma ucabanga ngezimo ababephila kuzo.
- Nanoma singenalwazi olubanzi ngalawo masiko, sisenakho ukulizwisisa iBhayibheli. Lichasisa izindima ezingaphezulu kunanoma yiliphi isiko, njengendalo, isono, nanokuthi kungani sidinga usindiso.

❖ Isono.

- Singalizwisisa ngendlela engafanele iZibhalo ngenxa yokuziphakamisa, ukuzikhohlisa, ukungabaza, ukungalaleli, ukuthanda imibono engeyethu, nokunye okunjalo.
- Ngakho-ke kumele sifunde iBhayibheli ngokholo nokuzithoba. Kumele sivumele iZibhalo zisiphendule zilungise isimilo sethu.
- UMoya Ongcwele usebenza kithi uma simvumela. Nanoma sinesono, uyosiholela "kulo lonke iqiniso" (John 16:13)

B Kungani Ukuchasisa Kubalulekile?

- ❖ Uma sifunda futhi sihumushe iBhayibheli ngendlela engeyona, singafinyelela ezinqumeni eziyinkohliso, hhayi kuphela ekuzwisiseni usindiso kodwa kuko konke okufundiswa yiBhayibheli.
- ❖ Ukuhunyushwa kahle kweBhayibheli kuletha:
 - Ubunye emfundisweni.
 - Ubunye ekufundiseni.
 - Ubunye eBandleni.
 - Ubunye kwezovangelo.
- ❖ Siyakudinga ukufundisisa kahle iBhayibheli (hermeneutics). Kufanele sihlaziye indimana nganye ngokwendlela yesikhathi sayo, nangendlela ekufundisa ngayo ezinye izindima zeBhayibheli ngalolo daba. Ngaleyona ndlela singaqonda kancono esikitshelwa nguNkulunkulu ngeBhayibheli.